

1. Sequences. Find the limit of given sequences for $n \rightarrow \infty$

- a) $\frac{n^2 + 5n^3}{2n^3 + 3\sqrt{4+n^6}}$
- b) $\frac{2^n}{n^2}$
- c) $\frac{n^n}{n!}$
- d) $\frac{(n!)^2}{(2n)!}$

2. Series. Use the ratio test to find whether the following series converge or diverge

- a) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{3^{2n}}{2^{3n}}$
- b) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{e^n}{\sqrt{n!}}$
- c) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(n!)^3 e^{3n}}{(3n)!}$
- d) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\sqrt{(2n)!}}{n!}$

3. Series. Find the interval of convergence of each of the following power series; be sure to investigate the endpoints of the interval in each case.

- a) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^{3n}}{n}$
- b) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^n}{\sqrt{n}}$
- c) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{n+1} \left(\frac{x}{3}\right)^n$
- d) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n x^n}{(2n)!}$

4. Series. Find the first two terms of the Maclaurin series for each of the following functions

- a) $e^x \sin x$
- b) $e^{\sin x}$
- c) $\frac{x}{\sin x}$
- d) $\ln(2 - e^x)$

5. Find the following limits using the Maclaurin series

- a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{e^x - 1} \right)$
- b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - \frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} \right)$
- c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\csc^2 x - \frac{1}{x^2} \right)$
- d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\ln(1+x)}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x} \right)$