

Student research in the social sciences: Provost Retreat 2018

Justine McGovern, PhD, LMSW

Amanda Sisselman-Borgia, PhD, LMSW

Crystal George-Moses, LMSW, ABD

Department of Social Work

Lehman College

Student research in the context of experiential learning

(Lopatto, 2010; Russell, Hancock & McCullough, 2007; Wurdinger & Carlson, 2010).

Definition:

Combining reflection and practice, experiential learning provides opportunities for students to apply classroom knowledge to authentic situations under an instructor's supportive supervision

Examples:

- Service learning
- Volunteer work
- Internships
- Signature pedagogy of SW: Field learning
- Research

Benefits to students

- Evidence in STEM, mounting evidence in social sciences and across disciplines
- Greater knowledge of course content
- Improved engagement with learning academic performance across courses
- Better preparation for next steps (employment and graduate school)
- Enhanced clinical skills: Engagement, assessment, critical thinking

Benefits to faculty

- Sustains engagement: intellectual renewal, research assistance, mentoring/independent studies
- Adds value to internal and external funding applications (i.e., SRAB, FRAB, ORSP; seed grants, funds for students to attend/present at conferences)
- Promotes publication/presentation opportunities and collaborations
- Contributes to tenure and promotion (i.e., digital measures, Faculty Recognition Event)

Spotlight on 3 Modalities

- **Student research assistant**
- **Capstone Project and independent student research**
- **Undergraduate research**

Mentoring Students in Research

Amanda Sisselman-Borgia

Asst Professor

Department of Social Work

The process

- Mentoring and support piece
- Developing tasks and assignments in the project
- Writing for publication

Mentoring and Support

- Working with students in this capacity develops a relationship that differs from the relationship in the classroom
- This relationship can lead to better engagement in content and material/overall college curriculum and lead to better graduation rates
- Providing support and real life applications to research can interest the student in taking their work to the next step

Developing tasks

- The “is this going to mean more work” conundrum for both faculty and student
- Finding that “sweet spot” of intersection between project need and each student’s particular interest and skills
- Encouraging the development of new skills and broadening abilities, trying new things

Developing Tasks

- Administrative – i.e., data entry, tracking gift card incentives, creating survey documents
- Literature reviews – this helps to put course work into perspective for the student (Why?)
- Data collection/work in the field

Learning points – bringing the abstract to life

- Confidentiality – consent procedures with data collection
- Expectations when collecting data with vulnerable populations, particularly with undergraduates who may have less experience in the field
- Effectively searching the literature for relevant information related to the project/study – explaining why this is important, how it shapes the work
- Importance of consent procedures and incentive tracking and good record keeping – explaining IRB and human subjects protections

Publication and Presentation

- Mentoring students in the writing process
- Providing them with venues to present posters and papers
- The process of presentation/publication brings the work to life and provides the student with understanding of how the work they did fits into the larger literature base

Policy Research in a Capstone Course

Crystal George-Moses

Lecturer

Department of Social Work

Policy Practice and Social Work Education

- ***Policy Practice*** – “efforts to change policies in legislative, agency, and community settings, whether by establishing new policies, improving existing ones, or defeating the policy initiatives of other people” (Weiss-Gal, 2016, p. 2).
- ***Policy Practice Education*** – “education that seeks to teach or train undergraduate and graduate social work students to engage in policy practice” (Weiss-Gal, 2016, p. 1).

Policy Research

- Policy research as experiential learning with opportunity to influence policy
- *All social work competencies are addressed in a capstone*
- *Practices that might not usually be demonstrated are when SWK students are engaged in policy practice*

Policy Research as Policy Practice in a Capstone Course

1. Students identify an issue
2. Students write a policy brief
 - Problem formulation
 - Review of wide range of data (literature, census, more)
 - History and development of policy, current context
 - Policy recommendations
 - Student presentations: Local politicians, community groups

Undergraduate student-led research: Working with existing syllabi

Justine McGovern

Asst Professor

Department of Social Work

Prep work

- Secure Chair approval, and approval of colleagues teaching the same sequence
- Select an appropriate course
 - Core course (reaches more students) or elective
 - Fit between research experience and the goals of the course
 - Previous experience teaching the course and experience with student-led research
- Secure funding? Recognition?

Building on an existing assignment: From term paper to research paper

Field Seminar Term paper

1. Describe your agency's context, services, and clients
2. Describe and evaluate your role within the agency
3. *Identify research that can inform and improve your practice*
4. Present what you have learned to your classmates

Research paper:

What are obstacles and facilitators to service provision and utilization at your agency?

- Integration of research language:
 - Assignment title: From “Term Paper” to “Research Paper”
 - From “description” to “data collection” (multiple integrated data sources)
 - From “evaluate” to data analysis
 - Add “Implications”: Response to over-arching question
 - Presentation of findings in small groups (posters?)

Timeline, grading, evaluation

- Semester-long, scaffolded assignment
- Independent and small group work
- Clearly defined grading rubrics, i.e., organization and structure, effective use of resources, timeliness, completeness, realistic solutions to identified problems, collaboration, effectiveness of presentation

Outcomes for students

- Improved perceptions about capacities as students and social workers
- Greater understanding about the role and methods of research
- Enhanced knowledge about complexities of service provision and utilization
- Gained status in the agency when shared research findings
- Improved student experience: Extended small group work promoted social relationships

Selected references

Boitel, C., & Fromm, L. (2014). Defining signature pedagogy in Social Work education:

Learning theory and the learning contract. *Journal of Social Work Education*, vol. 50: 608-622.

City University of New York [CUNY}. (2016). *University Plan for Experiential Learning*. CUNY: New

York, NY. <https://www.cuny.edu/news/publications/ExperientialLearning.pdf>

Council of Social Work Education. (2016). Ten core competencies in Social Work.

https://access.ewu.edu/Documents/Undergraduate%20Studies/Faculty%20Support/Civics/SOWK_CSWE%20Ten-Core-Competencies.pdf

Lopatto, D. (2010). Undergraduate research as a high-impact student experience. *Peer Review*, vol.

12. Association of American Colleges and Universities: Washington, DC <https://www.aacu.org/publications-research/periodicals/undergraduate-research-high-impact-student-experience>

Russell, S. H., Hancock, M. P., & McCullough, J. (2007). Benefits of undergraduate research

experiences. *Science*, 316, 548–549.

More References

- Figueira-McDonough, J. (1993). Policy practice: The neglected side of social work intervention. *Social Work*, 38:179-188.
- Gibbons, J. and Gray, M. (2005). Teaching social work students about social policy. *Australian Social Work*, 58:58-75.
- Heidemann, G., Fertig, R. Jansson, B., & Kim. H. (2011). Practicing policy, pursuing change, and promoting social justice: A policy instructional approach. *Journal of Social Work Education*, 47: 37-52.
- Rocha, C. (2000). Evaluating experiential teaching methods in a policy practice course: The case of service learning to increase political participation. *Journal of Social Work Education*, 36: 53-63.
- Weiss-Gal, I. (2016). Policy practice in social work education: A literature review. *International Journal of Social Welfare*, 1-14.

Brief Exercise

Take a couple of moments to think or talk about how to use one of these modalities

- Identify a project that could include a student. What would he/she be responsible for? What steps would be necessary to train him/her
- Identify a policy practice assignment that could provide students with a hands on experience that would include research
- Identify a course in which you could include a research experience. What would this consist of? What would students be responsible for? What would you be responsible for?

Thank You!

- Justine.mcgovern@lehman.cuny.edu
- Amanda.sisselman@lehman.cuny.edu
- cgeorgemoses@gradcenter.cuny.edu