

SOLUTION TO HW 4

1) a) Let $f(x) = x^3$. By the definition of derivative,

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h} = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+h)^3 - x^3}{h} =$$

Hint

$$\downarrow = \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+h-x)((x+h)^2 + (x+h)x + x^2)}{h} =$$

$$= \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{h}{h} \left(\underbrace{(x+h)^2}_{\downarrow x^2} + \underbrace{(x+h)x}_{\downarrow x^2} + \underbrace{x^2}_{\downarrow x^2} \right) =$$

$$= x^2 + x^2 + x^2 =$$

$$= 3x^2$$

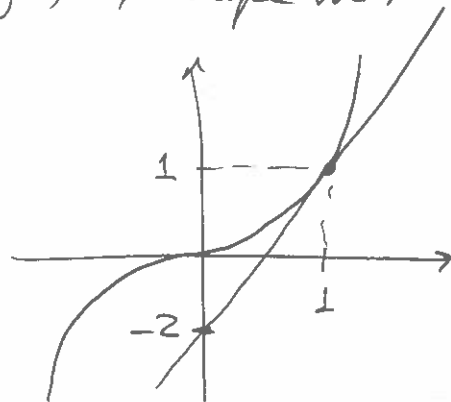
b) • The slope of the tangent line to the graph of $f(x) = x^3$ at the point $(1,1)$ is: $f'(1) = 3 \cdot 1^2 = 3$

• Equation of line through point (x_0, y_0) w/ slope m :

$$y - y_0 = m(x - x_0)$$

• Plug the above m to get:

$$y - 1 = 3(x - 1) \Rightarrow \boxed{y = 3x - 2}$$



$$2) a) \frac{d}{dx}(x^4 - 3x^3 + 2x^2 + x - 4) = 4x^3 - 9x^2 + 4x + 1$$

$$b) \frac{d}{dx}\left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{x}} + \sqrt{3}\right) = \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt{3} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{3}{2}}\right)$$
$$= \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2x\sqrt{x}}$$

$$c) \frac{d}{d\theta}(\sin\theta + \cos\theta) = \cos\theta - \sin\theta$$

$$d) \frac{d}{dt}(e^t + 4t^2 + 3) = e^t + 8t$$

$$e) \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{1}{t^2} - 4\sin t + t^{4/5}\right) = -2t^{-3} - 4\cos t + \frac{4}{5}t^{-1/5}$$
$$= -\frac{2}{t^3} - 4\cos t + \frac{4}{5t^{1/5}}$$